# Intrusion Prevention with Suricata and NFQUEUE

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#### About me

Andreas Herz

- Living near Augsburg in Germany
- Working on OpenSource, Networking and Security
- Full-time Developer at Linogate GmbH
- Part-time Developer for Suricata at OISF
- Minor Contributions to the Linuxkernel and Netfilter

About		Demo	
About Su	uricata		

- OpenSource (GPLv2) backed by OISF
- Cross-platform support (primarily Linux and BSD)
- Stable versions 3.1 and 3.0.2
- Multithreading and High Performance
- Protocol detection, file extraction, lua scripting
- Many supported output formats like Eve/Json
- Hardware Acceleration
- Reading PCAPs
- Emerging Threats ruleset support
- Support via IRC, Mailinglist, Redmine

## About OISF

**Open Information Security Foundation** 

- Non-profit foundation
- Support for community-driven technology like Suricata and libhtp
- Funding comes from donations
- Organizations can become Consortium members
- Organizes SuriCon and Trainings (User and Developer)

## Why do you want to do IPS?

IPS can extend your existing security/firewall setup:

- Analyse traffic based on packet, connection or flow
- Detect and prevent malicious traffic
- Generate events/alerts
- Use dedicated rules

# **IPS within Suricata**

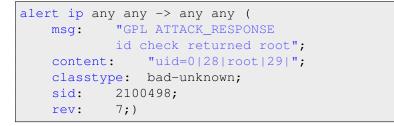
Suricata supports several capture methods to run IPS mode

- NFQUEUE (Linux)
- AFPACKET (Linux)
- Netmap (BSD, Linux)
- ipfw (BSD)

#### Requirements

- modern Linux system
- Suricata built with –enable-nfqueue (check –build-info)
- libnetfilter\_queue and iptables
- nftables works as well but setup is little bit different
- Ruleset (needs some customization)

#### Signature



## Prepare Suricata

- Check Suricata config (defaults should be fine though)
- Set .rules files you want to include
- Run Suricata: suricata -q 0 -v
- Turn off NIC-offloading
- Fix Warnings/Errors :)

#### Simple Setup

```
iptables -N QUEUEIPS
iptables -A QUEUEIPS -j NFQUEUE
iptables -A FORWARD ...
[...]
iptables -A FORWARD -j QUEUEIPS
```

		Demo	
Demo			

Let's see it in action!

# Improve Performance

- Find the bottleneck :)
- Try balancing into more queues (both nfq and suri)
- Try runmode workers
- Get more CPU power or RAM (depending on bottleneck)

## Advanced Usage

- NF\_REPEAT (send packets back)
- Use MARK on packets
- nftables instead of iptables
- Balance
- Bypass (accept packet when nothing listening on queue)
- Fanout (accept packetes when queue length got full)

#### Experiences from productive systems

- Performance highly depends on CPU and RAM
- Ruleset has a huge effect as well
- One bad rule can increase drop rate
- onfqueue might overflow
- Most modern system should handle 1GBit/s
- Smaller embedded system (like APU) can handle 100Mbit/s
- Some rules shouldn't be converted

#### End

#### Questions?

- join us at #suricata in irc.freenode.net
- join oisf-users or oisf-devel mailinglist
- https://suricata-ids.org
- https://redmine.openinfosecfoundation.org
- https://oisf.net
- Enjoy Netfilter User Day!