

# Intrusion Prevention with Suricata and NFQUEUE

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# About me

## Andreas Herz

- Living near Augsburg in Germany
- Working on OpenSource, Networking and Security
- Full-time Developer at Linogate GmbH
- Part-time Developer for Suricata at OISF
- Minor Contributions to the Linuxkernel and Netfilter

# About Suricata

- OpenSource (GPLv2) backed by OISF
- Cross-platform support (primarily Linux and BSD)
- Stable versions 3.1 and 3.0.2
- Multithreading and High Performance
- Protocol detection, file extraction, lua scripting
- Many supported output formats like Eve/Json
- Hardware Acceleration
- Reading PCAPs
- Emerging Threats ruleset support
- Support via IRC, Mailinglist, Redmine

# About OISF

## Open Information Security Foundation

- Non-profit foundation
- Support for community-driven technology like Suricata and libhtp
- Funding comes from donations
- Organizations can become Consortium members
- Organizes SuriCon and Trainings (User and Developer)

# Why do you want to do IPS?

IPS can extend your existing security/firewall setup:

- Analyse traffic based on packet, connection or flow
- Detect and prevent malicious traffic
- Generate events/alerts
- Use dedicated rules

# IPS within Suricata

Suricata supports several capture methods to run IPS mode

- NFQUEUE (Linux)
- AF\_PACKET (Linux)
- Netmap (BSD, Linux)
- ipfw (BSD)

# Requirements

- modern Linux system
- Suricata built with `--enable-nfqueue` (check `--build-info`)
- `libnetfilter_queue` and `iptables`
- `nftables` works as well but setup is little bit different
- Ruleset (needs some customization)

# Signature

```
alert ip any any -> any any (  
  msg:      "GPL ATTACK_RESPONSE  
            id check returned root";  
  content:  "uid=0|28|root|29|";  
  classtype: bad-unknown;  
  sid:      2100498;  
  rev:      7;)
```



# Prepare Suricata

- Check Suricata config (defaults should be fine though)
- Set .rules files you want to include
- Run Suricata: `suricata -q 0 -v`
- Turn off NIC-offloading
- Fix Warnings/Errors :)

# Simple Setup

```
iptables -N QUEUEIPS
iptables -A QUEUEIPS -j NFQUEUE
iptables -A FORWARD ...
[...]
iptables -A FORWARD -j QUEUEIPS
```

# Demo

Let's see it in action!

# Improve Performance

- Find the bottleneck :)
- Try balancing into more queues (both nfq and suri)
- Try runmode workers
- Get more CPU power or RAM (depending on bottleneck)

# Advanced Usage

- NF\_REPEAT (send packets back)
- Use MARK on packets
- nftables instead of iptables
- Balance
- Bypass (accept packet when nothing listening on queue)
- Fanout (accept packetes when queue length got full)

## Experiences from productive systems

- Performance highly depends on CPU and RAM
- Ruleset has a huge effect as well
- One bad rule can increase drop rate
- nfqueue might overflow
- Most modern system should handle 1Gbit/s
- Smaller embedded system (like APU) can handle 100Mbit/s
- Some rules shouldn't be converted

# End

## Questions?

- join us at #suricata in irc.freenode.net
- join oisf-users or oisf-devel mailinglist
- <https://suricata-ids.org>
- <https://redmine.openinfosecfoundation.org>
- <https://oisf.net>

Enjoy Netfilter User Day!